
IGCC

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2001. 12. 13.

Plant Engineering

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- ,
■ SOx, NOx , H₂S, NH₃
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- Dioxin
- 가

□ Ash

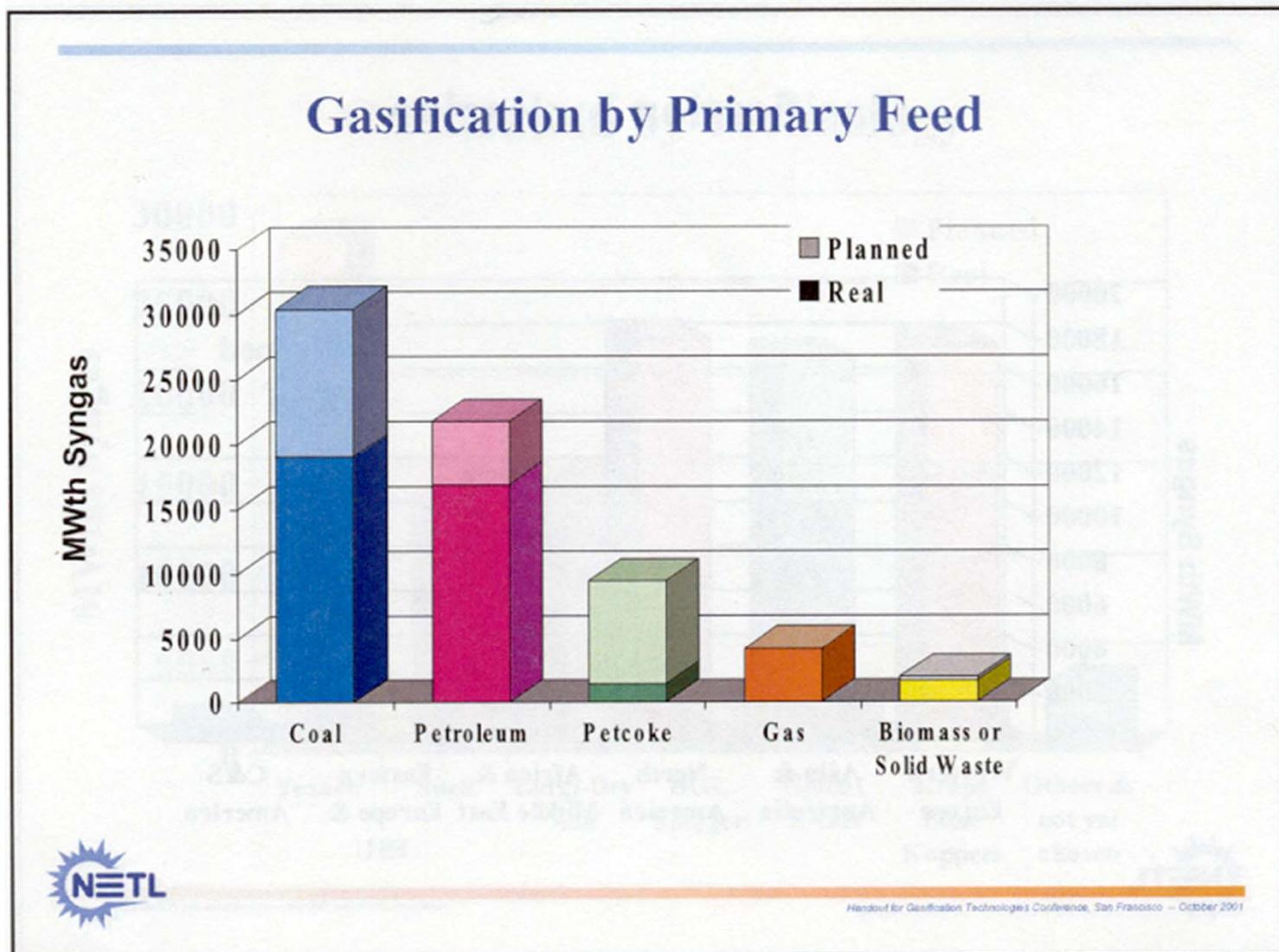
- , 가
- 0.5% , ash

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- CO/ chemical energy
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2001

Gasification Syngas



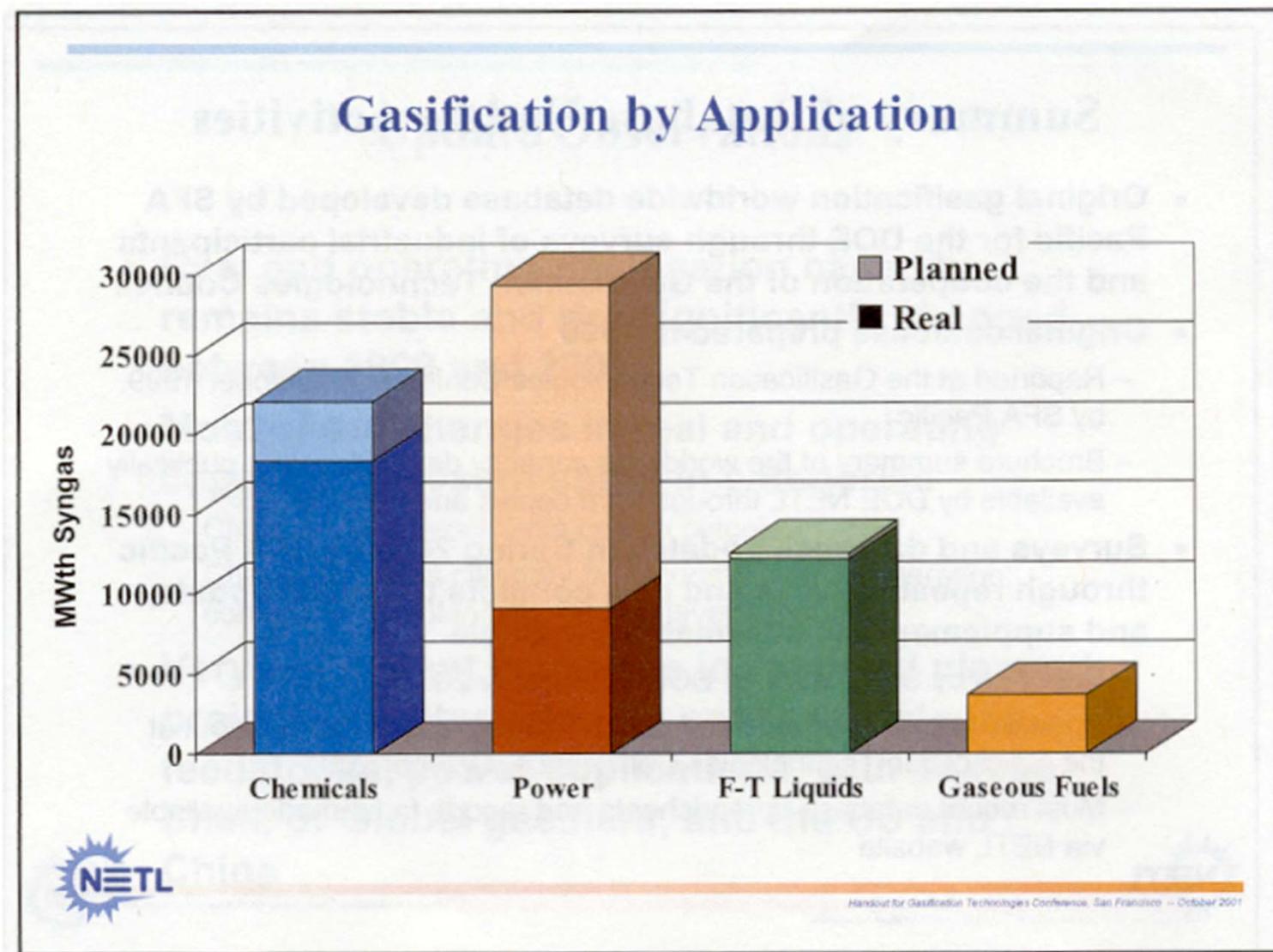
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Ref.: SFA Pacific

, 2001 Gasification Tech. Conf.

2001

Gasification Syngas



DOE Vision 21

□ Goals:

- **Efficiency - Electricity Generation** (with no credit for cogeneration)
 - 60% HHV for coal-based systems
 - 75% LHV for NG-based systems
- **Efficiency - Combined Electricity/Heat**
 - Above 85% overall thermal efficiency
- **Efficiency - Fuels (H₂ or Liquid transportation fuel)** only plant from coal
 - 75% fuels utilization efficiency (LHV)
- **Environmental**
 - **Near zero emissions** : SOx, NOx, Particulates, Trace elements, Organic compounds
 - **40-50% CO₂ reduction**
 - 100% CO₂ reduction with sequestration
- **Costs**
 - Less than \$550/kW
- **Timing**
 - Improved gasifiers, Gas separation membranes begin by 2006
 - Designs for most subsystems, modules by 2012
 - **Commercial design by 2015**

Vision 21 Program - 3 Areas

□ Enabling Technologies

- Fuel-Flexible Gasification : coal, coke, heavy-oil
- Advanced Combustion Systems (PFBC, IFC) :
 - recommended should not be included
- Advanced Fuels & Chemicals : Focusing reducing CO2
- Fuel Cells: - Focus on reducing Fuel Cell capital cost in large-scale, coal-gasification, central station power plants.
 - Distributed power generation FC program should not be in Vision 21
- Fuel-Flexible G/T : Focus on cycles using H2 rather than Syngas

□ Supporting Technologies & Systems Integration

- Advanced Modeling & Systems Integration
- Materials & Heat Exchangers : High temperature membranes for air separation, H2 separation from syngas, High temperature coatings & materials
- Environmental Control Technologies
- Gas Stream Purification
- Gas-Separation Technology
- Hydrogen Production from Water Dissociation

□ Commercialization

Driving Force for Gasification

□ Gasification is alive and growing

- 5,000 MW_{th} syngas 가 (10%/yr)
- '99 4,000 MW_{th}/yr 가

□ project

Coal & Petroleum coke

- pet coke 가

□ IGCC

deregulation

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- Polygeneration

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efficiency, revenue

options, annual load 가 가

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Future of Gasification

- ❑ Continuing convergence of oil, gas & electric power markets with deregulation improves the potential for gasification.
- ❑ Gasification is helped by increasing interest in :
 - Clean alternatives to Natural Gas from low cost & stable supply fuels
 - Reduced emissions: SO₂, NO_x, PM_{2.5}, Hg, solid/liquid wastes & CO₂
 - Higher value-added pitch, pet coke & industrial waste utilization
- ❑ Electric power generation is the key market for gasification
 - Growing at a rate twice that of other end-use energy, like liquid fuels
 - Key to polygeneration is power to the grid for economy of scale.
 - GCC (Gasification Combined Cycle) repowering of existing coal units could have many advantages
 - GCC can be lower cost than NGCC at process >\$4 per million Btu.

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Gasification

□ Dongting Coal Gasification Project :

- Coal gasification : 2,000 /
- Syngas : 142,000 Nm³/hr (CO + H₂), 3.4 million Nm³/day
- Syngas → Shift , Gas treatment → NH₃ → Urea plant
- Capital investment : 150 million US\$
- 50/50 Sinopec/Shell equity sharing : Gas treatment plant Sinopec 100%
- Ready-for-start-up : 2004

□ Yingcheng Coal Gasification Project :

- Coal gasification : 910 /
- Syngas : 55,000 Nm³/hr (CO + H₂)
- Chemical
- Plant owner : Hubei Shuanghuan Chemical Industrial Co., Ltd.
- Ready-for-start-up : 2004

□ Other projects :

- Sinopec/Shell: Hubei Anqing
Nm³/day Chemical 가 2,000 / →3.4 million
2005 startup

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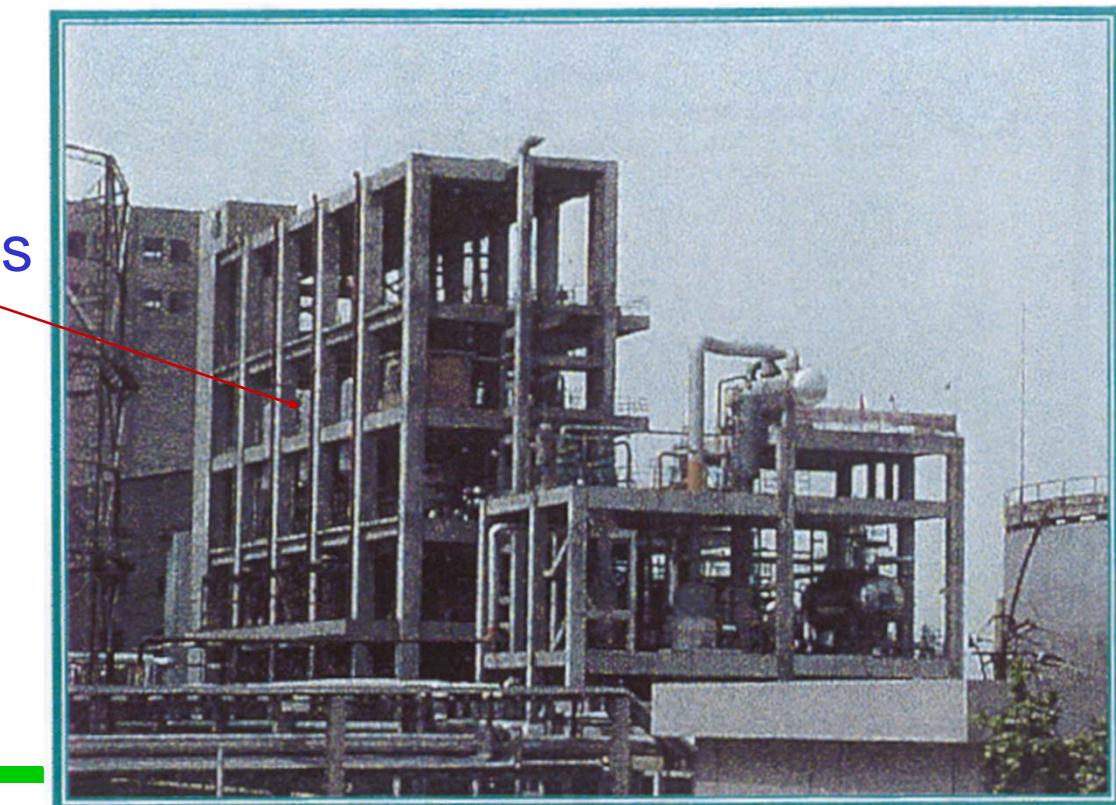
Gasification

()

□ Huainan Coal Gasification Plant

- Coal gasification : 990 /
- Syngas → Urea
- Texaco (ChevronTexaco)
- Start-up : 2000 8

3 Gasification trains



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- 30 kW Clean Coal Technology(CCT) . . 2007 , 2013 , 2014
- 2001 3 , CCT IGCC, PFBC IGCC KOPEC



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LG-Caltex / SK Corp.

- 30-60 kW IGCC .
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LG-Caltex



NOx

80 ppm

- : .

NOx

150 ppm

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□ IGCC

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Emission Credit Trading :

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□

- Demo Plant

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- 2-20 / IGCC 가
- 가
- Plant Plant Dynamic Simulation
- computer simulation
- spin-off
- – , Biomass 가
- (: ,)

Wabash River IGCC Plant 2001 Gas Island Downtime Causes

Downtime Cause	% of Year	Corrective Action
Syngas Cooler tube leak	5.82	Limit dp & thermal cycles
Acid Gas Cooler tube leak	3.40	Proper refractory anchors
Slurry Mixer replacement	0.40	Min. flow constraints
Slurry flow interruption	0.72	Improved suction nozzle & operating discipline
False filter pressure indication	0.12	Simplified sensing lines & smarter control code
Miscellaneous	0.11	Actions implemented

Key Areas : Hot gas cooling tube , feeding,

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2001

Wabash River IGCC Plant

Reliability by Gasification Sub-System

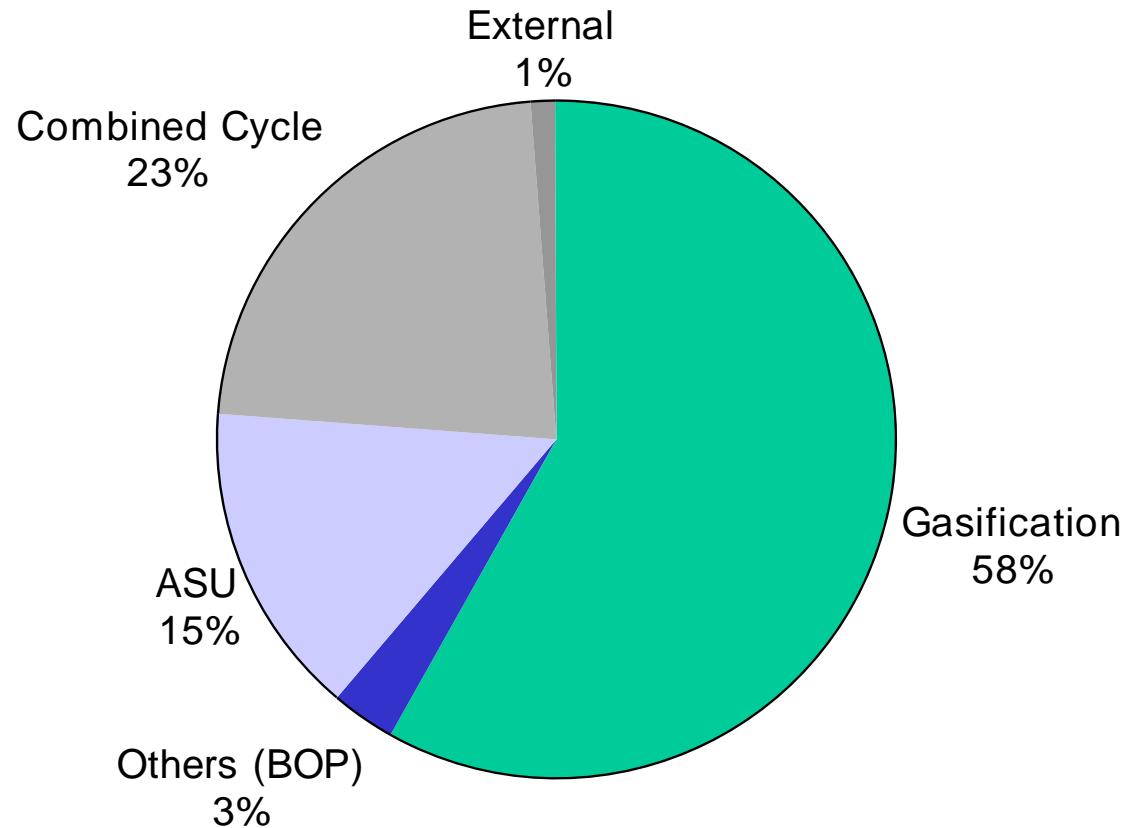
Sub-System	Reliability	Sub-System	Reliability
1st Stage Gasifier	99.5%	Acid Gas Removal	100%
2 nd Stage Gasifier	100%	Sulfur Recovery	96.6%
Raw Syngas Conditioning	100%	Sour Water Treatment	100%
Syngas Cooling	94.2%	Fuel Hopper System	100%
Particulate Removal	99.9%	Rod Mill System	100%
Chloride Scrubbing	100%	Slurry Storage System	99.9%
COS Hydrolysis	100%	Slurry Feed System	99.4%
Low Temp. Heat Recovery	100%	Slag Removal System	100%
Syngas Moisturization	100%	Cooling Tower System	100%

Reliability = [1 – (Forced Outage Hours / Period Hours)] x 100
: Scheduled shutdown period .

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335 MWe급 스페인 Puertollano IGCC Plant 분야별 문제점

- IGCC Trip (Area별) -



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(Air Separation Unit)

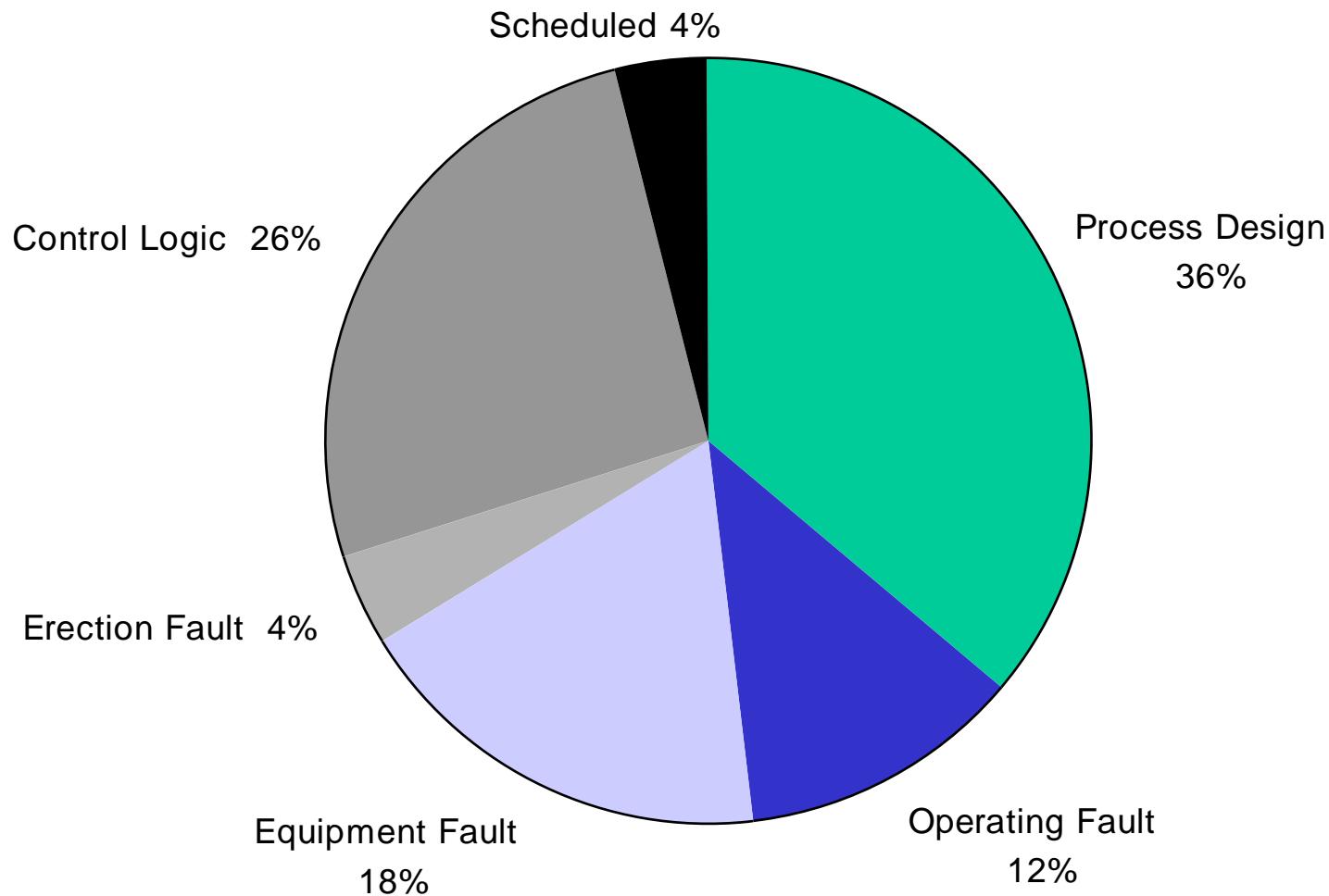
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Puertollano IGCC – IGCC Trip (Failure Type별) –



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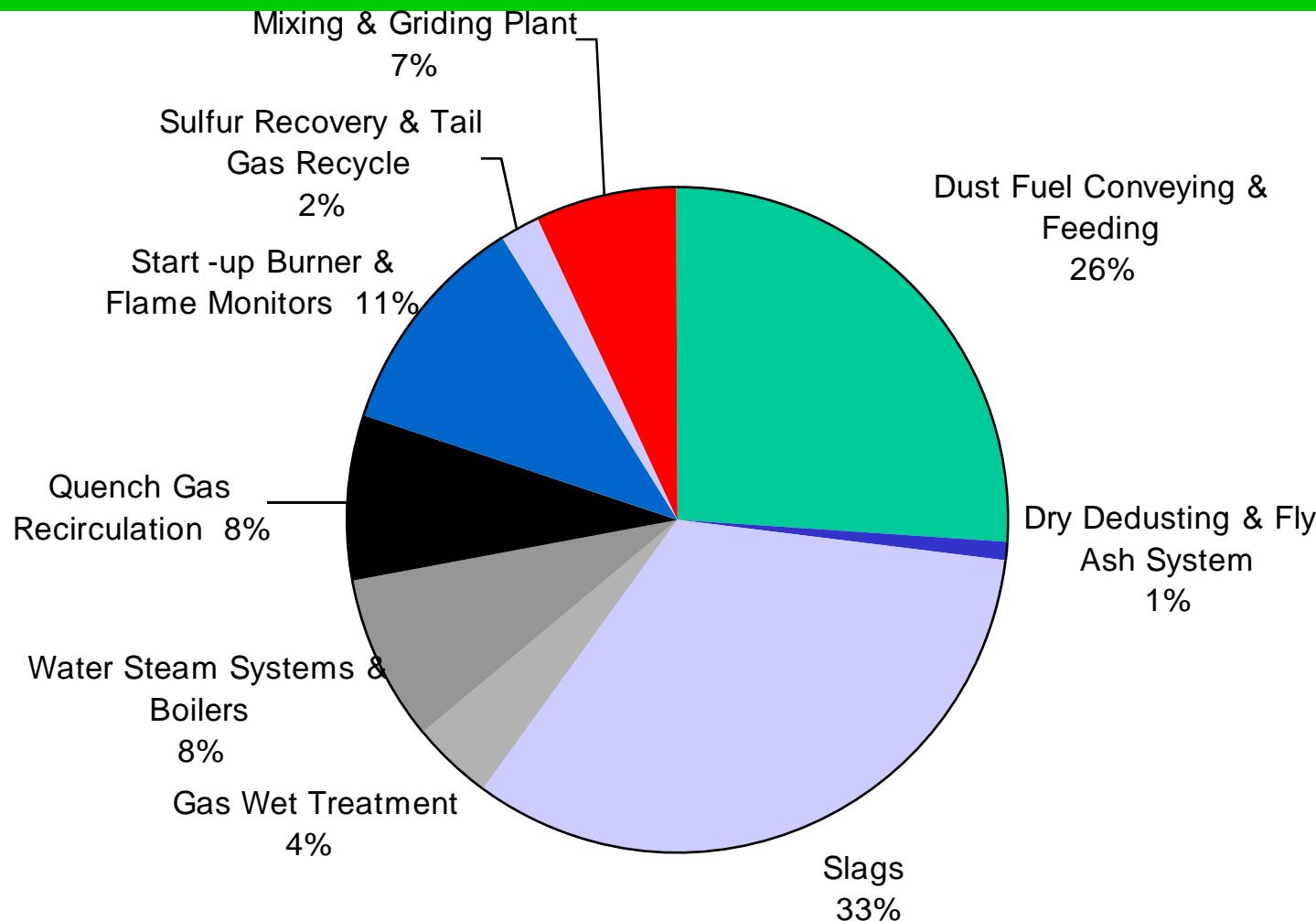
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Puertollano IGCC

- IGCC Trip (Gasification System 별) -



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Coal Feed to Gasification - RD&D Needs



- Coal Pump
- Coal/Water slurry heating. Better atomization and vaporization
- Lock hopper systems problematic at HP
- New concepts using slurry pumping to achieve HP
 - Slurry flash with cyclone underflow to gasifier and flashed steam added to raw gas for shift
 - Evaporate slurry with gasifier raw gas, cyclone and filter catch fed to gasifier. (See BI-GAS, HRL IDGCC and van der Burgt/KEMA/EPRI OGCC).
- Coal in liquid CO₂ slurries either directly or with flash evaporation (EPRI/ADL): water quench for shift etc.
- Re-examine above concepts for IGCC with shift and CO₂ removal and particularly for low cost low rank coals.

EPRI

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Entrained Flow Gasifiers RD&D Needs



Candidate Improved Design Features

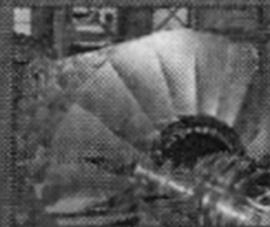
<u>Improvement/Technology</u>	<i>Shell/Prenflo</i>	<i>Texaco</i>	<i>Global E-Gas</i>	<i>Mitsubishi</i>	<i>Noell/GSP</i>
HP Dry Feed System	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Add 2nd Stage	✓	✓			✓
Reduce Gas Recycle	✓				
Partial Quench	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Fire Tube SGC	✓	✓		✓	✓
Continuous Slag Removal	✓	✓		✓	✓
High Pressure	✓		✓	✓	✓
Other		New Radiani SGC	Cylindrical Design	Use O ₂	

EPRI

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Ref.: N. Holt, 2001 Gasification Tech. Conf.

Entrained Gasifer Design RD&D Needs



- Actual reaction rates not known and size based on pilot experience.
- Slurry reactors need additional time to evaporate water.
- Reaction rate varies inversely with coal rank.
- Petroleum coke reactivity < most bituminous coals.
- Accords with experience e.g. Ube petroleum coke.
- Scale up Montebello → Ruhrchemie → Cool water satisfactory for bituminous coals. However at Tampa, lower carbon conversion per pass experienced for both Pittsburgh #8 and Illinois #6 coals, than at Cool water.
- Co-gasification of coal and petroleum coke may have advantages for petroleum coke carbon conversion.

EPRI

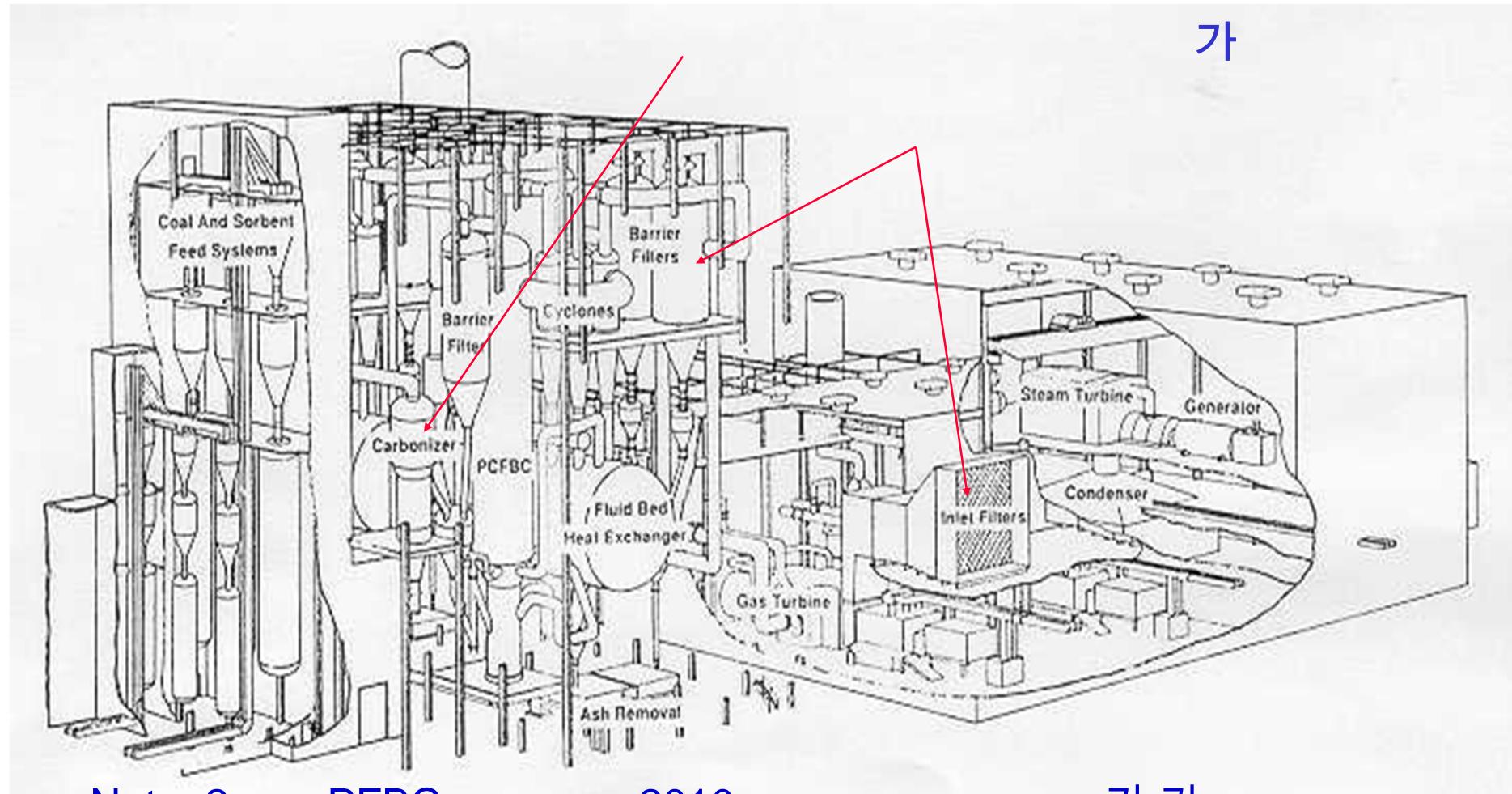
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PFBC

(Foster-Wheeler)



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PFBC

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