Activated carbon nanofiber electrode prepared by electrospinning of acetic acidadded PAN solution

<u>박석환</u>1,2, 주동혁1,2, 이완진^{3,*}

1전남대학교 신화학소재공학과; ²Center for Functional Nano Fine Chemicals, Chonnam National University/ Alan MacDiarmid Energy Research Institute, Chonnam National University; ³전남대학교 응용화학공학부

(wjlee@chonnam.ac.kr*)

The activated carbon fiber (ACNF) were prepared through three steps of heat treatment the web-type fibers, which are obtained by electrospinning acetic acid-added PAN in DMF solution. The stabilization was excecuted at 280°C in air, the carbonization was carried with at 800°C for 2 hr in nitrogen, and then activation was executed at 30 vol.% steam for 1 hr in nitrogen. The diameter of ACNFs and the meso pore surface area increased as the amount of acetic acid increased. For the addition of 20 wt.% acetic acid, the specific capacitance was increased to approximately 60 % as compared with pure PAN. The improvement of electrochemical performance was originated from the increase of meso pore surface area and electric conductivity. The diameter of ACNFs were determined by Scanning electron microscopy (SEM). The surface area of the ACNFs were determined using Brunauer, Emmett, Teller (BET) method and Barrett, Joyner, Halenda (BJH) method (BELSORP-mini II, BEL, Japan). The characteristics of electrochemical were measured by cyclic voltammograms (CV).