Effects of CO/CO₂ ratio in synthesis gas on coke formation of K/Fe-Cu-Al Fischer-Tropsch catalyst

<u>강석창</u>, 박조용, 이윤조, 전기원* 한국화학연구원 (kwjun@krict.re.kr*)

The coke formation has been investigated with varying $\mathrm{CO/CO_2}$ ratio in feed gas on a K/Fe-Cu-Al catalyst during Fischer-Tropsch (FT) synthesis. The K/Fe-Cu-Al catalyst was prepared by the co-precipitation of Fe-Cu-Al precursors, followed by potassium impregnation. The FT reactions using balanced feed gas with various $\mathrm{CO/CO_2}$ ratios were performed in a fixed bed reactor. The $\mathrm{CO_x}$ conversion to hydrocarbons decreased with the $\mathrm{CO/CO_2}$ ratio in feed gas. X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy and X-ray diffraction results showed that high $\mathrm{CO/CO_2}$ ratio favored the formation of iron carbides. Overall, low $\mathrm{CO/CO_2}$ ratio in feed gas was effective to inhibit the coke formation.