

Luminescence characteristics of  $\text{TiO}_2$ :Eu particles prepared by spray pyrolysis

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Phosphors have gained large attention as the basic materials in various research areas such as displays, optical lasers, fluorescent sensing, bio-medical imaging, security ink, etc. The optical properties of phosphors strongly depend on host or activator materials. Titania is known as a good host for luminescent materials because of its good thermal and chemical stability as well as its high transparency in the visible wavelength region. In this work,  $\text{Eu}^{3+}$ -doped  $\text{TiO}_2$  powders were prepared by spray pyrolysis. The luminescence properties were investigated by varying the Eu concentration and the calcination temperature. Since trivalent  $\text{Eu}^{3+}$  ions should be inserted into  $\text{Ti}^{4+}$  sites, there exists charge imbalance. Thus, monovalent metals ( $\text{M}^+ = \text{Li}^+, \text{Na}^+, \text{K}^+$ ) were codoped with  $\text{Eu}^{3+}$  in order to improve the emission properties. As a result, we found that  $\text{Li}^+$  is best for achieving the high luminescence.

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