Separation Techniques for the Production of High-Purity Hydrogen: Development of Sorption-Enhanced Reaction Processes and Hydrogen Selective Metal Membranes

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Hydrogen  $(H_2)$  has drawn an increasing attention as an alternative energy carrier because it produces minimal pollutant emissions during conversion to other energy forms and has higher energy density than conventional fossil fuels. The mass production of  $H_2$  are based on the catalytic gasification of biomass owing to maturity of the technology and favorable economics, but  $H_2$  produced from gasification of the biomass feedstock contains a large amount of impurities. In order to utilize  $H_2$  as an alternative energy carrier, one important criteria to consider is to separate  $H_2$  from the mixture gas. As methods for  $H_2$  purification, sorption-enhanced reaction concept, in which catalytic reaction and carbon dioxide removal by sorption are carried out simultaneously, has been applied to several processes and high-purity  $H_2$  can be directly produced from a single reactor. In addition, dense metal membranes have been studied and developed to purify  $H_2$ . In this study, we introduce experimental results of sorption-enhanced reactions and  $H_2$  selective membranes for high-purity  $H_2$  production, and discuss how these technologies can be applied to industrial processes.