

Smart Photocatalysts  
for CO<sub>2</sub> Conversion into Hydrocarbon Fuels

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Photocatalytic reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> to fuel offers an exciting opportunity for helping to solve current energy and global warming problems. The design and fabrication of highly active photocatalysts remains an unmet challenge. We seek CO<sub>2</sub> photoconversion efficiencies large enough for translation of the technology from laboratory to industry, a key step of which is achieving higher-order hydrocarbon products. In the current work, under AM1.5G illumination, utilizing a photocatalyst of reduced titania, graphene, and Pt nanoparticles, we demonstrate stable operation, significant rates of product formation, as well as a controllable product transformation from CH<sub>4</sub> to C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>. We find the switch from C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>2</sub> products is dependent upon upward band bending at the reduced blue-titania/graphene interface.