

Chap 3.

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$1/V(dN_i/dt)$

3.1

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i

$$r_i = \frac{1}{V} \frac{dN_i}{dt} = \frac{d(N_i/V)}{dt} = \frac{dC_i}{dt}$$

-

(C=P/RT)

$$r_i = \frac{1}{RT} \frac{dp_i}{dt}$$

●

$$aA + bB + \dots = rR + sS + \dots \quad \pi$$

$$p_A = C_A RT = p_{A0} - \frac{a}{\Delta n} (\pi - \pi_0)$$

R

$$p_R = C_R RT = p_{R0} + \frac{r}{\Delta n} (\pi - \pi_0)$$

$$\Delta n = r + s + \dots - (a + b + \dots)$$

$$= (\dots) - (\dots)$$

●

(conversion) X_A

$$= \left(\frac{N_{A0} - N_A}{N_{A0}} \right) / \left(\frac{N_{A0} - N_A}{N_{A0}} \right)$$

$$X_A = \frac{(N_{A0} - N_A)}{N_{A0}} = 1 - \frac{N_A}{N_{A0}} = 1 - \frac{C_A}{C_{A0}}$$

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(1) $A \rightarrow$ Product

$A \rightarrow$ Product

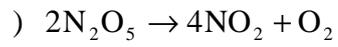
$$-r_A = \frac{dC_A}{dt} = kC_A$$

$$-\ln\left(\frac{C_A}{C_{A0}}\right) = kt$$

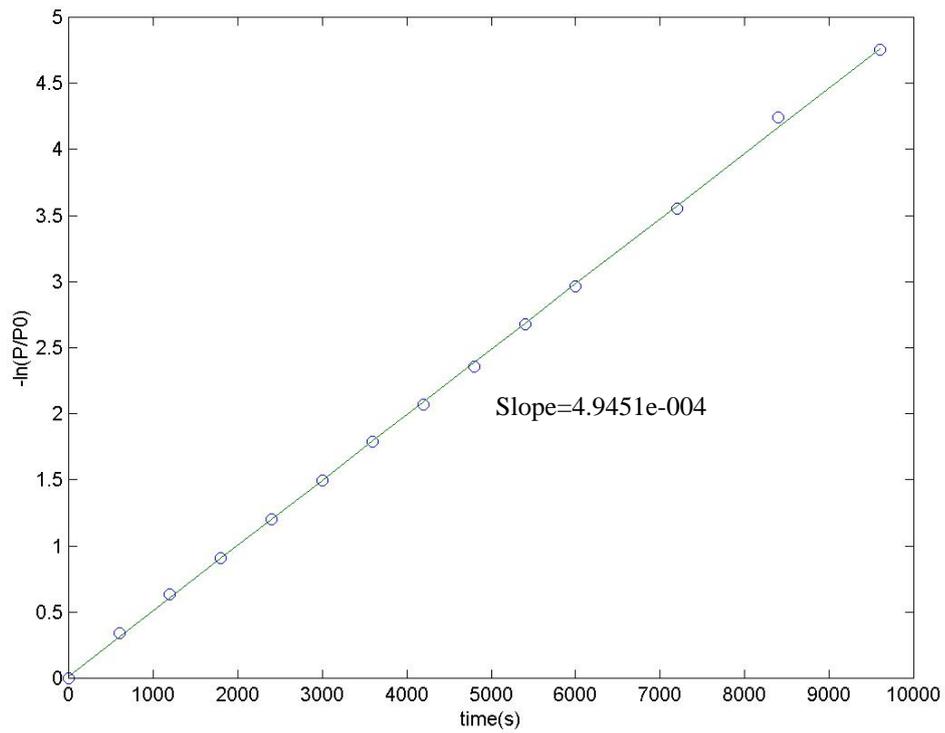
$$-\ln(1 - X_A) = kt$$

3.1 $-\ln(C_A/C_{A0}), -\ln(1 - X_A)$ y , t x

가 k가 .



Time(s)	$P_{\text{N}_2\text{O}_5}$ (Torr)	Time(s)	$P_{\text{N}_2\text{O}_5}$ (Torr)
0	348.4	4200	44
600	247	4800	33
1200	185	5400	24
1800	140	6000	18
2400	105	7200	10
3000	78	8400	5
3600	58	9600	3
-	-	∞	0



가 1

(2) 가 2 2

A + B → Product

$$-r_A = \frac{dC_A}{dt} = kC_A C_B$$

$$-r_A = C_{A0} \frac{dX_A}{dt} = kC_{A0}(1-X_A)C_{B0}(1-C_{A0}/C_{B0} X_A)$$

$$M = \frac{C_{B0}}{C_{A0}}$$

$$\int_0^{X_A} \frac{dX_A}{(1-X_A)(M-X_A)} = C_{A0} k \int_0^t dt$$

$$\ln \frac{1-X_B}{1-X_A} = \ln \frac{M-X_A}{M(1-X_A)} = \ln \frac{C_B C_A}{C_{B0} C_A} = \ln \frac{C_B}{M C_A}$$

$$= C_{A0}(M-1)kt = (C_{B0} - C_{A0})kt, \quad M \neq 1$$

3.2 $\ln(C_B/C_A), \ln[M-X_A/M(1-X_A)]$ y , t x

, 가 $(C_{B0} - C_{A0})k$ 가 .

- $2A \rightarrow \text{Product}$ ($M=1$)

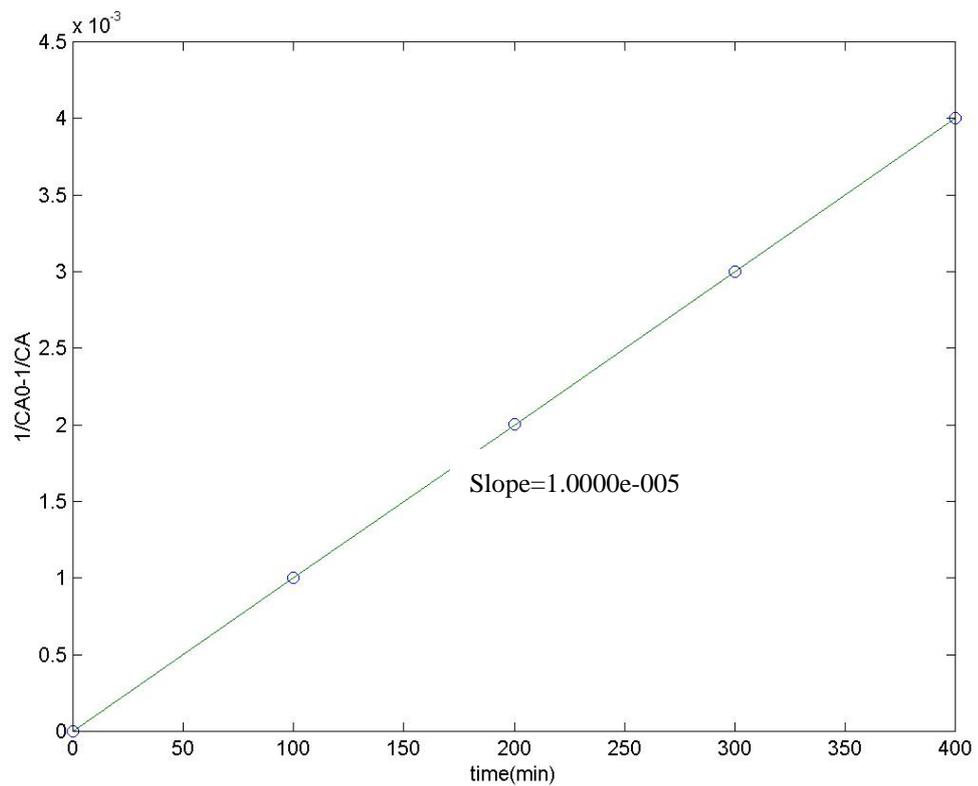
$$-r_A = \frac{dC_A}{dt} = kC_A^2$$

$$\frac{1}{C_A} - \frac{1}{C_{A0}} = kt$$

$$-r_A = C_{A0} \frac{dX_A}{dt} = kC_{A0}^2 (1 - X_A)^2$$

$$\frac{1}{C_{A0}} \frac{X_A}{1 - X_A} = kt$$

) 3.11
A → R



가

2

- A + 2B → Product

$$-r_A = \frac{dC_A}{dt} = kC_A C_B = kC_{A0}^2(1 - X_A)(M - 2X_A)$$

$$\ln \frac{C_B C_{A0}}{C_{B0} C_A} = \ln \frac{M - 2X_A}{M(1 - X_A)} = C_{A0}(M - 2)kt, \quad M \neq 2$$

M=2

$$\frac{1}{C_A} - \frac{1}{C_{A0}} = \frac{1}{C_{A0}} \frac{X_A}{1 - X_A} = 2kt$$

(3) 가 3 3

A + B + D → Product

$$-r_A = \frac{dC_A}{dt} = kC_A C_B C_D = kC_{A0}^3(1 - X_A) \left(\frac{C_{B0}}{C_{A0}} - X_A \right) \left(\frac{C_{D0}}{C_{A0}} - X_A \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{(C_{A0} - C_{B0})(C_{A0} - C_{D0})} \ln \frac{C_{A0}}{C_A} + \frac{1}{(C_{B0} - C_{D0})(C_{B0} - C_{A0})} \ln \frac{C_{B0}}{C_B} + \frac{1}{(C_{D0} - C_{A0})(C_{D0} - C_{B0})} \ln \frac{C_{A0}}{C_A} = kt$$

$C_{D0} \gg C_{A0}, C_{B0}$

D

$$-r_A = \frac{dC_A}{dt} = kC_A C_B C_{D0} = k' C_{A0}^2(1 - X_A) \left(\frac{C_{B0}}{C_{A0}} - X_A \right), \quad k' = kC_{D0}$$

2

가 .

- A + 2B → Product

$$-r_A = \frac{dC_A}{dt} = kC_A C_B^2 = kC_{A0}^3(1 - X_A)(M - 2X_A)^2$$

$$\frac{(2C_{A0} - C_{B0})(C_{B0} - C_B)}{C_{B0} C_B} + \ln \frac{C_B C_{A0}}{C_{B0} C_A} = (2C_{A0} - C_{B0})kt, \quad M \neq 2$$

M=2

$$\frac{1}{C_A^2} - \frac{1}{C_{A0}^2} = 8kt$$

- A + B → Product

$$-r_A = \frac{dC_A}{dt} = kC_A C_B^2 = kC_{A0}^3 (1 - X_A)(M - X_A)^2$$

$$\frac{(C_{A0} - C_{B0})(C_{B0} - C_B)}{C_{B0} C_B} + \ln \frac{C_B C_{A0}}{C_{B0} C_A} = (C_{A0} - C_{B0})kt, \quad M \neq 1$$

$$M=1$$

$$\frac{1}{C_A^2} - \frac{1}{C_{A0}^2} = 2kt$$

$$(4) \quad n$$

$$-r_A = -\frac{dC_A}{dt} = kC_A^n$$

$$C_A^{1-n} - C_{A0}^{1-n} = (n-1)kt, \quad n \neq 1$$

log

$$(1-n)\log C_A - (1-n)\log C_{A0} = \log(n-1) + \log k + \log t$$

$$y = \log t, \quad x = \log C_A$$

$$y = ax + b$$

$$a = (1-n), \quad b = -(1-n)\log C_{A0} - \log(n-1) - \log k$$

가

가 a, y

b가

n k

$$, \quad C_A = 0$$

$$t = \frac{C_{A0}^{1-n}}{(1-n)k} \quad n > 1$$

$$C_A = 0 \quad n < 1$$

$$C_A = 0$$

가 0

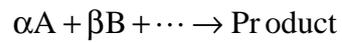
$$(5) \quad 0$$

$$-r_A = -\frac{dC_A}{dt} = k$$

$$C_{A0} - C_A = kt, \quad t < \frac{C_{A0}}{k}$$

$$C_A = 0, \quad t > \frac{C_{A0}}{k}$$

(6) 가



$$-r_A = -\frac{dC_A}{dt} = kC_A^a C_B^b \dots$$

, A

,

$$-r_A = -\frac{dC_A}{dt} = k'C_A^n$$

$$C_A^{1-n} - C_{A0}^{1-n} = (n-1)kt, \quad n \neq 1$$

$$C_A = \frac{1}{2}C_{A0} \quad \text{가} \quad t = t_{1/2}$$

$$t_{1/2} = \frac{(0.5)^{1-n} - 1}{k'(n-1)} C_{A0}^{1-n}$$

log

$$\log(t_{1/2}) = \log\left(\frac{(0.5)^{1-n} - 1}{k'(n-1)}\right) + (1-n)\log(C_{A0})$$

$y = \log(t_{1/2})$, $x = \log(C_{A0})$ plot 가 (1-n) . (

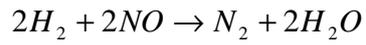
3.5)

n=1

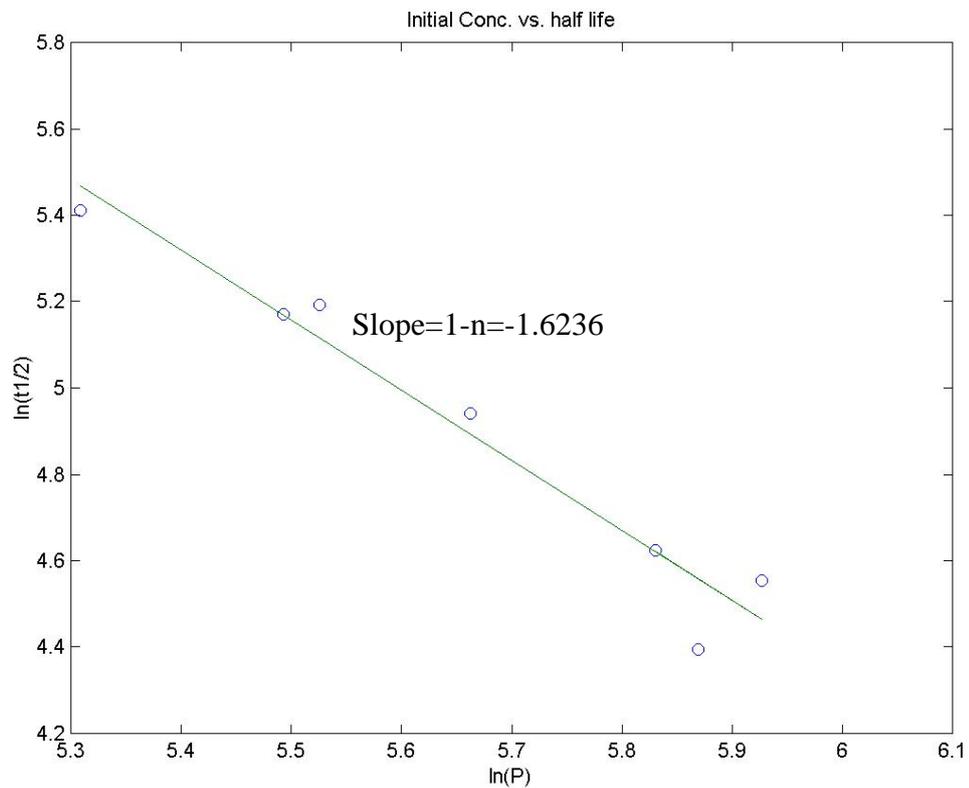
$$C_A = C_{A0} \exp(-k't)$$

$$t_{1/2} = -\frac{1}{k'} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \text{ 가}$$

) NO
가



Initial P(torr)	354	340.5	375	288	251	243	202
Half Life t _{1/2} (min)	81	102	95	140	180	176	224



$$1 - n = -1.6236 \quad n = 2.6236$$

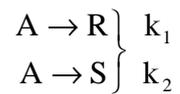
(7)

$$C_A = FC_{A0} \text{ 가}$$

$$t = t_F$$

$$t_F = \frac{F^{1-n} - 1}{k'(n-1)} C_{A0}^{1-n}$$

(8) 가



$$-r_A = -\frac{dC_A}{dt} = k_1 C_A + k_2 C_A \quad (a)$$

$$r_R = \frac{dC_R}{dt} = k_1 C_A \quad (b)$$

$$r_S = \frac{dC_S}{dt} = k_2 C_A \quad (c)$$

(a)

$$-\ln\left(\frac{C_A}{C_{A0}}\right) = (k_1 + k_2)t \quad (d)$$

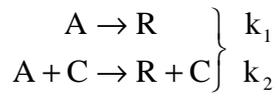
(b) (c)

$$\frac{r_R}{r_S} = \frac{dC_R}{dC_S} = \frac{k_1}{k_2} \quad (e)$$

$$\frac{C_R - C_{R0}}{C_S - C_{S0}} = \frac{k_1}{k_2} \quad (f)$$

, A (d) plot, R S
(f) plot, 3.6

(9)



$$-\left(\frac{dC_A}{dt}\right)_1 = k_1 C_A$$

$$-\left(\frac{dC_A}{dt}\right)_2 = k_2 C_A C_C$$

C가

$$-\frac{dC_A}{dt} = k_1 C_A + k_2 C_A C_C$$

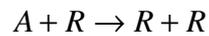
$$-\ln\left(\frac{C_A}{C_{A0}}\right) = (k_1 + k_2 C_C)t = k_{\text{obs}} t$$

가 k_{obs}

plot 3.8 k_{obs}

1

(10) (Autocatalytic rxn)



$$-r_A = -\frac{dC_A}{dt} = k C_A C_R$$

A

A가

R

$$C_A + C_R = C_{A0} + C_{R0} = C_0$$

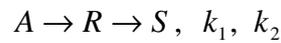
$$-r_A = -\frac{dC_A}{dt} = k C_A (C_0 - C_A)$$

$$\ln \frac{C_{A0}(C_0 - C_A)}{C_A(C_0 - C_{A0})} = \ln \frac{C_R/C_{R0}}{C_A/C_{A0}} = C_0 k t$$

$$x \quad t \quad y \quad \ln \frac{C_{A0}(C_0 - C_A)}{C_A(C_0 - C_{A0})} = \ln \frac{C_R/C_{R0}}{C_A/C_{A0}}$$

가 $C_0 k$ 가

(11) 가



$$-r_A = -\frac{dC_A}{dt} = k_1 C_A \quad (a)$$

$$r_R = \frac{dC_R}{dt} = k_1 C_A - k_2 C_R \quad (b)$$

$$r_S = \frac{dC_S}{dt} = k_2 C_R \quad (c)$$

$$: t=0 \quad C_A = C_{A0}, \quad C_R = C_S = 0$$

$$C_A + C_R + C_S = C_{A0}$$

(a)

$$C_A = C_{A0} \exp(-k_1 t) \quad (d)$$

(d) (b)

$$\frac{dC_R}{dt} + k_2 C_R = k_1 C_{A0} \exp(-k_1 t) \quad (e)$$

Laplace

Laplace

(e) Laplace

$$s\bar{C}_R - C_R(0) + k_2 \bar{C}_R = \frac{k_1 C_{A0}}{(s + k_1)}$$

$$C_R(0) = 0$$

$$\bar{C}_R = \frac{k_1 C_{A0}}{(s + k_1)(s + k_2)}$$

$$\bar{C}_R = \frac{k_1 C_{A0}}{(k_2 - k_1)} \left[\frac{1}{(s + k_1)} - \frac{1}{(s + k_2)} \right]$$

$$C_R = \frac{k_1 C_{A0}}{(k_2 - k_1)} [\exp(-k_1 t) - \exp(-k_2 t)]$$

S $C_A + C_R + C_S = C_{A0}$

$$C_S = C_{A0} \left[1 - \exp(-k_1 t) - \frac{k_1}{(k_2 - k_1)} \exp(-k_1 t) + \frac{k_1}{(k_2 - k_1)} \exp(-k_2 t) \right]$$

$$C_S = C_{A0} \left[1 + \frac{k_2}{(k_1 - k_2)} \exp(-k_1 t) + \frac{k_1}{(k_2 - k_1)} \exp(-k_2 t) \right]$$

R , R

$$dC_R/dt = 0$$

. A R

(b)=0

$$k_1 C_{A0} \exp(-k_1 t) = \frac{k_1 k_2 C_{A0}}{(k_2 - k_1)} [\exp(-k_1 t) - \exp(-k_2 t)]$$

$$\exp(-k_1 t) = \frac{k_2}{(k_2 - k_1)} [\exp(-k_1 t) - \exp(-k_2 t)]$$

$$\exp(-k_1 t) - \frac{k_2}{(k_2 - k_1)} \exp(-k_1 t) = \frac{-k_2}{(k_2 - k_1)} \exp(-k_2 t)$$

$$\frac{k_1}{(k_2 - k_1)} \exp(-k_1 t) = \frac{k_2}{(k_2 - k_1)} \exp(-k_2 t)$$

$$\exp(-k_1 t + k_2 t) = \frac{k_2}{k_1}$$

$$t_{\max} = \frac{\ln(k_2/k_1)}{k_2 - k_1} = \frac{1}{\log \text{ mean of } (k_2, k_1)}$$

R

$$C_{R,\max} = C_{A0} \left(\frac{k_1}{k_2} \right)^{k_2/(k_2-k_1)} :$$

$$k_1 = k_2$$

$$\bar{C}_R = \frac{k_1 C_{A0}}{(s + k_1)^2}$$

$$C_R = k_1 C_{A0} t \exp(-k_1 t)$$

$$\log =$$

$$t_{\max} = \frac{\ln(k_2/k_1)}{k_2 - k_1} = \frac{1}{k_1}$$

$$C_{R,\max} = C_{A0} \exp(-1) = \frac{C_{A0}}{e}$$