

가

Temporal Evolution of Disturbances in an Isothermally Heated System

T.J. Chung and C.K. Choi

School of Chemical Engineering, Seoul National University

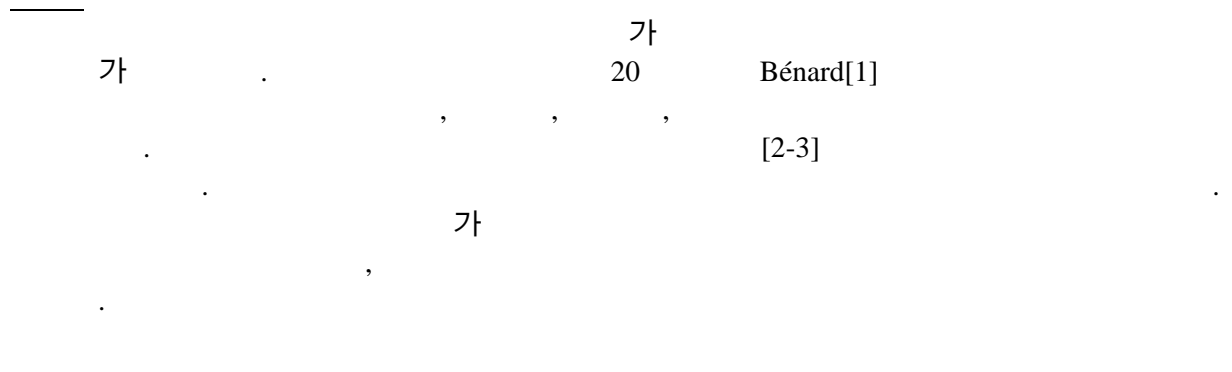


Fig. 1 가 d 가
 T_i $T_b (> T_i)$

Boussinesq가 2

가

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = 0 \tag{1}$$

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial \tau} + v \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial y} + Pr \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \right) v + \nabla \cdot \underline{F}_y \tag{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial \tau} + v \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial z} + Pr \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \right) w + Pr Ra \theta + \nabla \cdot \underline{F}_z \tag{3}$$

$$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \tau} + v \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial z} = \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \right) \theta - \nabla \cdot \underline{G} \tag{4}$$

$Pr (= \nu / \alpha)$ $Ra (= g \beta \Delta T d^3 / (\alpha \nu))$ Prandtl Rayleigh
 $\Delta T (= T_b - T_i)$, $\alpha^2 \rho_0 / d^2$ g $\alpha, \beta, \nu, \rho_0$ $d^2 / \alpha, \alpha / d,$
 ∇^2 Laplacian \underline{F}
 \underline{G} Langevin [4]

[4], [7] 가 [5] [6], [2-3],
 가 Foster[6] 가 Pr 가

τ_c

Prandtl 가 , Patrick Wragg[8], Inoue [9] Nusselt Nu 가
 t Nu t Nu t_u
 “ $t_u \approx 4t_c$ ” t_c t_u Mahler [10] Foster[11]
 Herring[13] 가 [12]
 가 Patankar[14] Galerkin 가

Fig. 1 SIMPLE 가 1 %
 $\Delta\tau = 10^{-7}$ $\Delta z = 1/200$

Fig. 2 $\tau = \tau_c$
 θ_* $10^{-3} \sim 10^{-5}$ v_* w_* $\tau = 0$

$Pr \rightarrow \infty$ $Ra = 10^6$ (rms) 가
 Fig. 3

가 Foster[6]
 $\bar{w} = w'_{rms}(\tau) / w'_{rms}(0)$
 w'_{rms} rms $1/\tau_c$
 Mahler [10] 가 $\tau = \tau_c$

Fig. 3 σ 가
 $\theta = \langle \theta \rangle + \theta'$ $\langle \theta \rangle$ θ'

$$r_0 = \frac{1}{\langle \theta \rangle_{rms}} \frac{d\langle \theta \rangle_{rms}}{d\tau}, \quad r_1 = \frac{1}{\theta'_{rms}} \frac{d\theta'_{rms}}{d\tau} \quad (5a-b)$$

(5a) $1/(4\tau)$ τ 가 $r_0 \rightarrow 0$ 가 $d\theta'_{rms} / d\tau$ 가 가

Mahler [10] (5) Mahler [10]

$r_0 > r_1$ 가
 $r_1 \geq r_0$
 Figure 4 $\theta_* = 10^{-3}, 10^{-4}, 10^{-5}$ 가 $\tau = 6.5 \times 10^{-4}$ (5a)
 $\tau \leq \tau_{r_{1,max}}$

(5b) $\tau_c = 7.5 \times 10^{-4}$ Fig. 3

$\tau = \tau_c$ 가
 가 가 [4]

(2)-(4) Langevin $\underline{F}, \underline{G}$ $\tau = 0$ 가 가

Nusselt r_1 $r_{1,max}$ Fig. 5
 $Nu (= q_w d / (k \Delta T))$ 가
 가 가 k q_w 가
 Figure 5 Nu 가 τ_u

Patrick Wragg[8], Inoue [9] Fig. 6

$\theta_* = 10^{-3}$ r_1 ΔT 0.1 % $\tau \approx 4\tau_c$ 가

[3] Langevin τ_u 가 Elder[15]

(5) Fig. 4 , Mahler [10]

Foster[11]가 'intrinsic instability' , τ_c , 'realistic
 critical time' 'manifest convection' $4\tau_c$ 가 τ_c 가

τ_c τ_u 가 가 가
 가 (5) 가 가

BK 21 LG

1. Bénard, H.: *Ann. Chem. Phys.*, **23**, 62(1901).
2. Kim, M.C., Choi, K.H. and Choi, C.K.: *Int. J. Heat Mass Transfer*, **42**, 4253(1999).
3. Yang, D.J. and Choi, C.K.: *Phys. Fluids*, **14**, 930(2002).
4. Jhaveri, B.S. and Homsy, G.M.: *J. Fluid Mech.*, **114**, 251(1982).
5. Morton, B.R.: *Quart. J. Mech. Appl. Math.*, **10**, 433(1957).
6. Foster, T.D.: *Phys. Fluids*, **8**, 1249(1965).
7. Wankat, P.C. and Homsy, G.M.: *Phys. Fluids*, **20**, 1200(1977).
8. Patrick, M.A. and Wragg, A.A.: *Int. J. Heat Mass Transfer*, **18**, 1397(1975).
9. Inoue, Y., Akutagawa, S., Saeki, S. and Ito, R.: *Kagakugogaku Ronbunshu*, **9**, 359(1983).
10. Mahler, E.G., Schechter, R.S. and Wissler, E.H.: *Phys. Fluids*, **11**, 1901(1968).
11. Foster, T.D.: *Phys. Fluids*, **12**, 2482(1969).

12. , , : , 7, 4715(2001).
13. Herring, J.R.: *J. Atmos. Sci.*, **21**, 277(1964).
14. Patankar, S.V.: "Numerical Heat Transfer and Fluid Flow", Taylor and Francis, New York (1980).
15. Elder, J.W.: *J. Fluid Mech.*, **35**, 417(1969).

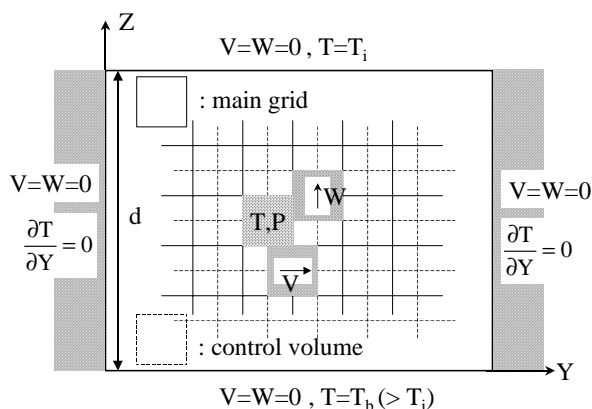


Fig. 1. Calculation domain.

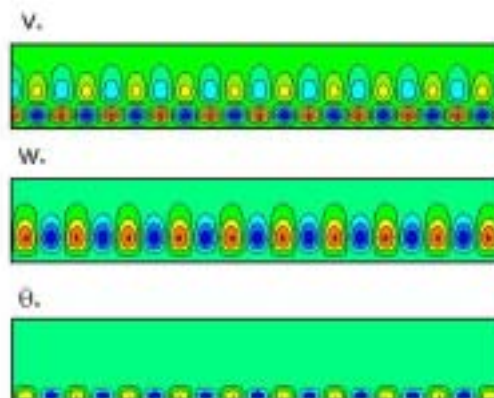


Fig. 2. Initial conditions.

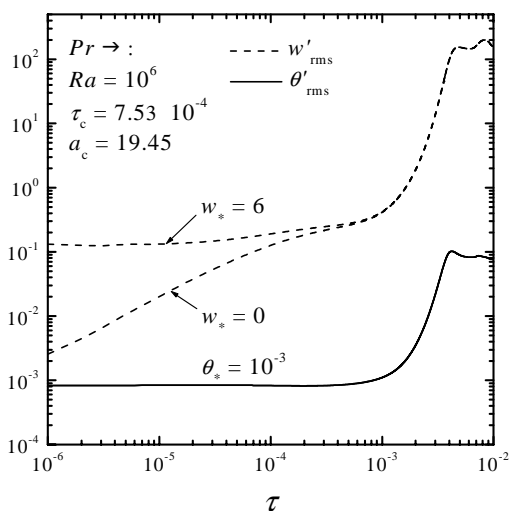


Fig. 3. Temporal behavior of disturbances.

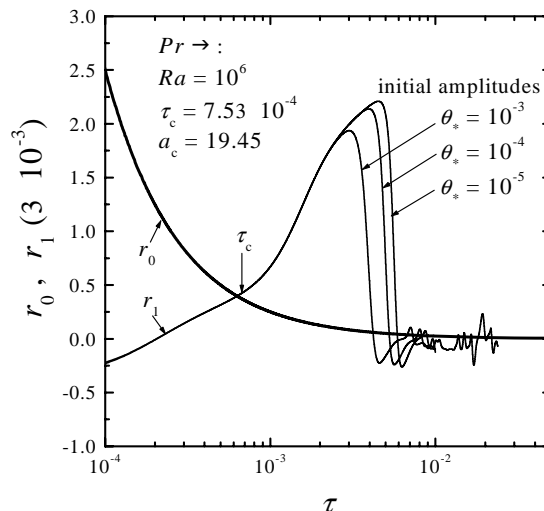


Fig. 4. Growth rates of mean-temperature and its fluctuation.

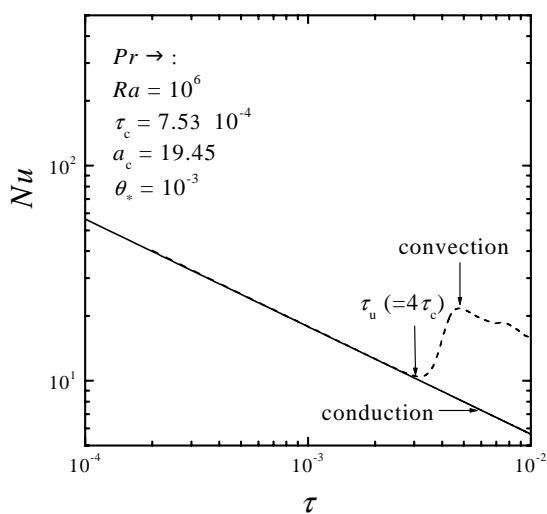


Fig. 5. Time-dependent Nusselt number.

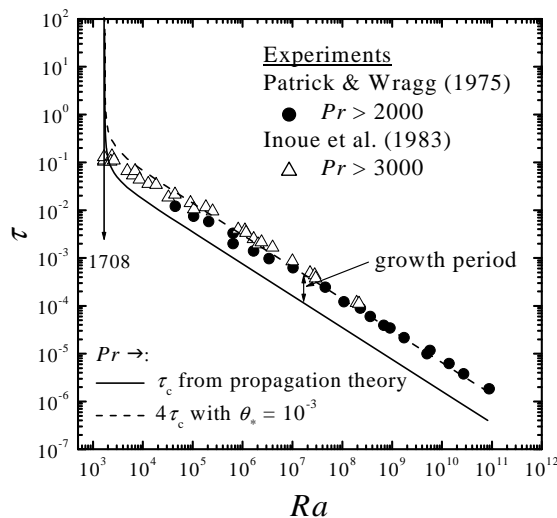


Fig. 6. Comparison of present study with available experiments.