## Synthesis of Carbon–coated TiO<sub>2</sub> by Sol–Gel Process

## <u>이민주</u><sup>1,2</sup>, 김태원<sup>1</sup>, 문 희<sup>1,2,\*</sup> <sup>1</sup>전남대학교; <sup>2</sup>BK21 기능성 나노 신화학 소재 사업단 (hmoon@chonnam.ac.kr\*)

Titania gel was prepared by the addition of titanium-tetraisopropoxide (TTIP) in Sol-Gel process. Fine particles of photocatalytic anatase-type titanium oxide (TiO2) was prepared through the hydrolysis of TTIP where carbon coating was done by through the precipitation of poly vinyl alcohol (PVA) aqueous solution, at a temperature between 400 to 900°C for 1h in an Ar gas flow. Since the carbon layers formed on the TiO2 particles were porous, the samples showed a high adsorptivity and the photoactivity of TiO2. Without carbon coating, the phase transformation from anatase to rutile started above  $600^{\circ}$ C, However it was suppressed up to  $800^{\circ}$ C for carbon – coated TiO2. The sample prepared at  $800^{\circ}$ C with a carbon content of  $1\sim10$  wt% suppressed the transformation of anatase to rutile with the thin carbon layer which can be easily penetrated by UV rays.