## The Effect of Temperature and Pressure about Product Distribution in the K/Fe-Cu-Al Catalysts for the Fischer-Tropsch Synthesis

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Nowadays increasing crude oil prices may cause interesting more specifically clean fuels and chemical feedstock via Fischer–Tropsch synthesis (FTS) processes, which converts syngas (CO +  $\rm H_2$ ) to hydrocarbons. Especially, it was known that Fe catalysts have high activity for high temperature FTS. In this study, we prepared Fe–Cu–Al catalysts by co–precipitation method and K/Fe–Cu–Al catalysts by wet–impregnation method. The Fischer–Tropsch reaction has been carried out using CO/ $\rm H_2/Ar$  (29/58/13 vol.%) mixture as a model in a fixed bed reactor with different temperature and pressure conditions. We found the product distribution by using Anderson–Schulz–Flory (ASF) plot. Also, increasing of temperature and pressure caused  $\alpha$ -olefin production decreasing.