

Effect of H₂S exposure on the deactivation of iron based catalyst in Fischer-Tropsch synthesis

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Fischer-Tropsch synthesis (FTS) was carried out using iron based catalysts prepared by conventional co-precipitation method in a continuous stirred tank reactor (CSTR) with volume of 500cc at 275°C and 25atm using synthesis gas of H₂/CO ratio 1 as a simulated feedstock produced from the coal gasifier containing H₂S in the range of 0~100ppm. Simulated distillation (SIMDIS) analysis method was used to determine the products distribution. The catalysts physical and chemical properties were analyzed by BET, SEM, PSA, XRD and H₂-TPR. Catalyst deactivation on the exposure of H₂S was studied by analyzing the catalyst slurry removed from the reactor during the measurement of its activity. Long term test was performed along 500h.