Direct dimethyl ether(DME) synthesis from syngas using ordered mesoporous alumina: Effect of calcination temperature of supports

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Dimethyl ether (DME), which has similar physical properties with LPG, is one of the attractive alternative fuels because of a lower emission of air-pollutants than that of the traditional diesel fuel. The direct synthesis of DME from syngas was investigated on the Cu supported on the mesoporous  $Al_2O_3$  (Cu/mesoAl) to verify the regular mesopores to the catalytic stability. The mesoporous  $Al_2O_3$  was synthesized by the EISA (Evaporation Induced Self Assembly) and it was annealed at different temperatures for changing its physicochemical properties and acidic properties. The copper was loaded 10wt% based on the total weight of  $Al_2O_3$  by incipient wetness impregnation method. The SAXS analysis indicated that the annealing temperature of mesoporous  $Al_2O_3$  was critical factor to change ordered regularity of alumina and the selectivity to DME was inversely related with the pore sizes of  $Al_2O_3$ .  $H_2$ -TPR, XRD,  $NH_3$ -TPD,  $N_2$ -physisorption,  $N_2O$  titration, and XPS were used to characterize the hybrid Cu/mesoAl catalysts.